BY-LAW 339-2012 CONCERNING WASTE MANAGEMENT

WHEREAS section 2 of the Municipal Powers Act (L.R.Q., c. C-47.1) gives the municipality the powers to meet the municipal needs municipal, diverse and evolving in the interest of its population

WHEREAS section 4 of the Act confers jurisdiction, among other things, in environmental matters and safety;

WHEREAS it is expedient and of public interest to revise the current regulations relating to waste management and appropriate tools for the collection across the territory of the municipality;

WHEREAS a notice of motion for this by-law was duly given at the regular meeting of September 5, 2012;

THEREFORE, THE COUNCIL ADOPTED AND ENACTS AS FOLLOWS:

CHAPTER I - PROVISIONS DECLARATORY AND INTERPRETATIVE

1. Preamble

The preamble of the regulation is an integral part.

2. Repeal

This by-law replaces and repeals the by-law number 256-2004 and its amendments concerning the mode of disposal of waste and determining the nuisance.

3. Purpose and scope of the by-law

This by-law is designed to establish the terms and conditions related to the collection of waste in the territory of the municipality of the Stanstead Township.

This by-law shall apply to:

- A) Any natural or legal person owner or occupant of a building with at least one unit of residential occupation;
- B) Any natural or legal person owning or occupying a building housing an ICI.

4. Restriction

Notwithstanding article 2, preceding the repeal is decreed is in no way any by-laws adopted for the purpose of providing for the payment collection and elimination of waste, recyclables and organics.

5. Definitions

In this by-law, unless the text indicates a different meaning, means:

Competent authority

Person in charge of the application of this by-law.

Wheeled bin

Wheeled container, provided with a cover, for the storage of waste.

Beneficiary or occupant

The owner, tenant or person or entity (including ICI) of a single family or multifamily building, an office building, commercial, industrial, manufacturing, public building, dock multiple and / or land used for a marina.

Sorting center

Location processing recyclable materials determined by the agreement of the municipality in this regard.

Road

Any public or private paths open to traffic.

Collection

All operations of collecting waste for delivery to a place of sorting, processing or disposal.

Authorized containers

A. For domestic use

For household waste: black or green bin with a lid, with a maximum capacity of 360 litres, or other container with a lid and with the same capacity, non-returnable opaque bags, plastic or metal and any other garbage containing non-returnable for household waste;

For recyclable materials: blue wheeled bin with a lid, with a capacity of 360 litres.

For organics: Brown wheeled bin with a lid, with a capacity of 240 litres.

B. For industrial, commercial and institutional (ICI)

For waste: container metal or plastic, with a lid, with a minimum capacity of 1.5 cubic meters and maximum of 6.1 cubic meters allowed for mechanical harvesting

For recyclable materials: blue wheeled bin with a lid, with a capacity of 360 liters;

For organic materials: brown wheeled bin with a lid, with a capacity of 240 liters.

Ecocentre

Site approved by the municipality to file, sort and retrieve dry materials, some household hazardous waste and compostable materials.

Bulky goods

Any residual material from domestic too large to be placed in the appropriate bin lid closed, due to its size, shape or weight.

Contrator

The company to whom the municipality has awarded a contract for the removal of waste.

ICI

Industries, businesses and Institutions served by the collection service of waste annually or seasonally.

Organic matter

Any residual material of organic nature, mostly from scraps and food preparation, as well as green waste, which are being collected as part of the collection of organic matter determined by regulation.

For the purposes of this by-law, only materials described in Appendix 1 are considered organic.

Recyclable material

Waste that can be highlighted through recycling to be reintroduced into the production cycle. It is a large part paper, cardboard, glass, metal and plastic.

For the purposes of this by-law, only materials described in Appendix 2 are considered recyclable materials.

Residual matter

Any material of a process of production, processing or use of any substance, material or product or, more generally, any object dropped, expired, rejected or otherwise rejected and may be highlighted, recycled, composted or disposed .

For purposes of this by-law residual materials includes all of all the materials described in Schedules 1, 2, 3 and 4 to be organic materials, recyclables, RDD the bulky, construction debris and garbage / waste.

Garbage or waste

Any residual material destined for landfill cannot be retrieved or recycled.

For the purposes of this by-law, only materials described in Appendix 3 are considered garbage.

Régie Intermunicipal Solid waste management of the Coaticook area (Régie)

Landfill, composting and recycling of dry material as determined by the agreement of the municipality for this purpose.

Construction waste

All construction, demolition or earthmoving debris including, without limitation, the scattering timber, rubble and debris, pieces of concrete and masonry, asphalt, brick, pipes, ceramic tiles, rock, containing no hazardous materials or other debris and nature. Dry materials must be brought to the Régis.

Domestic hazardous waste (DHW)

Products generated by individuals in the course of a purely domestic activity and which contain harmful substances to the health of human beings human and the environment. These products become DHW from the moment they are cast. Most DHW can be identified by one of the four symbols: reactive; toxic; corrosive, flammable. It is mainly, but not exhaustively, the following products:

Kitchen: Ammonia, furniture wax, oven cleaners, metal cleaners, fuel fondue, liquid lead-pipe, scouring powders;

Bathroom: alcohol rubbing, hair sprays, hair dyes, drugs/medication, toilet cleaners, nail polish, removers.

Laundry: Softeners, stain-detergents, bleach;

Basement and closet: solvent based adhesives, cleaners, paint, batteries, dyeing, varnishes, wood preservatives, solvents;

Garage or shed: Muriatic acid, aerosols, antifreeze, car batteries, propane tanks, creosote, fertilizer, lighter fluid or other oils and filters, coolant, pesticides, pool products;

Other: Fluo compact light bulbs, fluorescent tubes; explosives and ammunition.

Ressourcerie des Frontières (hereafter Ressourcerie)

Company that collects and promotes various reusable objects and bulky. Retrieved objects are sorted and cleaned and recycled. Materials accepted by the Ressourcerie are described in Annex 4 hereof.

CHAPITRE II – OBLIGATIONS

6. Obligations of the beneficiary or occupant

It is the responsibility of the occupant of any building to dispose of its waste in accordance with municipal and provincial by-laws.

It must in particular respect the following obligations:

- 6.1 Ensure that the preparation and storage of waste takes place within the building;
- 6.2 He must separate recyclable, garbage, organic matter, hazardous materials and contents that the Ressourcerie collects, to dispose of those according to the by-law.

- 6.3 Ensure cleanliness of their building;
- 6.4 Provide the building of a container that will be used to deposit garbage, recyclables and organic materials, as appropriate.
- 6.5 Carry his hazardous materials at the locations listed and on the dates specified in schedule of collections, or take them to the Régie. The construction waste must be transported to the site of the Régie.
- 6.6 Contact the Ressourcerie to dispose of objects retrieved by the latter in accordance with Annex 4.
- 6.7 During construction, repair, renovation or demolition of building, fill his building of a suitable container to receive the construction debris. The occupant must rent a container or to go to authorized landfill to dispose of its contents and give the municipality proof of rental during the work or the weight of the materials left to authorized landfill site, the Régie.
- 6.8 Any person who wishes to dispose of objects or waste, for which the municipality offers no service, must provide, at its own expense, at the disposal thereof in accordance with the laws and by-laws in force.

7. Obligations and/or role of the municipality

The municipality shall carry out garbage collection, recyclable materials, organic materials. It is participant of the Ressourcerie who ensures the collection of bulky waste in its territory conditional on what the occupant makes the request.

The municipality may provide or sell containers for waste materials for units served and partially served.

The municipality has an agreement with the Régie. Any beneficiary wishing to dispose of dry materials, waste, material organic or household hazardous (HHW), must go bring them directly to the points established by the latter, and must comply with the schedule and rates of the latter.

CHAPTER III - PROVISIONS RELATING TO WASTE

8. Interdiction

- 8.1 Only substances specifically listed in appendix 1, 2 and 3 must be deposited in their respective container. Therefore, it is strictly forbidden:
- A. to deposit organic materials in the recycling bin or waste container;
- B. to deposit trash in the recycling / Organics bins;
- C. to deposit recyclable materials in the waste container and/or in the organic bin
- D. to deposit hazardous household waste, construction waste, bulky waste collected by the Ressourcerie in the waste container and/or the recycling bin and/or organic bin;
- 8.2 It is also strictly forbidden:
- to leave residual materials whatever they are next to the authorized container;
- B. to deposit residual materials whatsoever in the authorized container of another residential building or ICI;
- C. to deposit waste whatsoever in containers for municipal use, among other containers used in public areas such as parks, docks, the City Hall or any public building.
- to deposit organic matter in a plastic bag in the authorized container.
 Materials must be filed directly in the container, or in a compostable bag, not in a biodegradable bag.

9. Terms relating to the authorized container

A. Type of container

Any occupant must obtain a container that meets the criteria listed in the definition of the term "allowed container", defined in article 5 of this by-law.

B. <u>Identification of the bin</u>

It is forbidden for any person to alter, conceal or remove the identification number and the logo of the municipality where applicable, affixed to a container provided by the municipality. Only the street address can be entered.

Containers distributed by the municipality either for payment or free, to partially served and serviced units must remain on the property to which they are linked, despite a change of ownership.

C. <u>Number of authorized container for garbage, recyclable and organic materials</u>

Residential buildings

Every occupant of a residential building served can put to the road a maximum of one (1) wheeled bin per housing for recyclables, a maximum of one (1) wheeled bin per housing for organic matter and a maximum one (1) container per housing for garbage. Exceptionally, the municipality may authorize a second container on request and with the criteria determined by it.

ICI

ICI will have the number of blue and brown bins according to their needs or having an agreement with a contractor for the collection of large containers allowed, all subject to certain conditions of the Municipality.

10. Arrangements concerning the use of containers allowed

- A. It is incumbent on the occupier of any building to ensure that the waste deposited in the container does not constitute a nuisance. In particular, it must ensure that the lid is closed after use to prevent the spread of odors and the attraction of vermin and undesired animals.
- B. The Contractor shall not be required to remove the waste container when the container is filled out excess so that the lid does not close or that the weight exceeds the capacity of the container.
- C. It is incumbent on the occupier of a building served to keep the container clean and in good condition.
- D. Expenses on repair and / or replacement waste bins are the responsibility of the occupant of the building served, unless the damage is due to improper handling by the contractor of the municipality. In the latter case, only the contractor may be held liable in any way the municipality.

11. Arrangements concerning the establishment and removal of the container curbside for residential

- A. The waste collection takes place at the buildings served, according to the schedule established annually by the municipality.
- B. In the event that the occupant has failed to put container or bin curbside and miss the collection, the latter is responsible to dispose of its waste materials at its own expense.
- C. In the event that collection is not performed at any location in the territory of the municipality and that is not the situation referred to in the preceding paragraph, the occupier must inform the municipality and remove the bin at the border of the road before the night following the day fixed for this collection.

12. Terms specific to ICI

The collection of residual materials for ICI takes place on schedule determined each year by the municipality.

CHAPTER IV - PROVISIONS CONCERNING BULKY WASTE AND OTHER MATTERS

13. Objects allowed

Only authorized materials are accepted by the Ressourcerie, where the municipality is participating. See the list of materials accepted and rejected in Annex 4.

14. Prohibited items

It is forbidden for any person to file curbside materials accepted by the Ressourcerie, as well as the following materials: construction debris, household hazardous waste, tires, aggregate (rocks, concrete, asphalt, etc..), Residues of demolition, electrical wires and metals, auto parts, and any material which the dimensions exceeding the container and cannot close the cover securely.

Are especially forbidden: boxes, suitcases, chests and other container still with a lid, door or any closing device in which a child could enter and remain locked.

15. Arrangements concerning the establishment and removal of materials accepted by Ressourcerie

The collection is all over the territory, according to the agreement with the Ressourcerie. It is incumbent on the occupier of a building to keep the materials accepted by the Ressourcerie weatherproof until the day of collection by Ressourcerie, otherwise these materials will not be collected.

The occupant has the responsibility to check with the municipality of procedures for the collection of bulky and respect them. Failing this, it will have to dispose itself its bulky at its own expense.

CHAPITRE V - MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

16. Other prohibitions

- A. It is forbidden to remove or dispose of waste in a lake, stream, river, or any other source or watercourse and / or near the river, along a lane, in a public place or a vacant lot and any other unauthorized location.
- B. It is forbidden to burn garbage, recyclables, organic materials, construction debris other than natural wood, household hazardous waste and materials that can be used to Ressourcerie, even for partial recovery.

CHAPITRE VI - ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

17. Competent authority

The designated competent authority for the implementation and application of this By-law in the territory of the municipality is the building inspector and the environment, and all persons designated by resolution of the council.

18. Nuisance

The fact that the owner or tenant of a vacant lot or construct leaves waste or recyclable waste or construction waste is a nuisance. The owner or occupier leaves exist such a nuisance commits an offense and is liable to the penalty provided for in this By-law.

The court making the award may, in addition to fines and costs, order the owner or occupant to remove the nuisance within the time fixed or default, it removed by the municipality at the expense of this person.

19. Rights of the competent authority

The competent authority is authorized to enter any building and examine all containers for waste materials of prearranged conditions for collection. It must ensure that the waste is put in their container respective.

Any beneficiary or occupant shall comply with all regulatory provisions in force, allow the competent authority to visit the property and examine containers, take any action necessary to correct a dangerous situation for the safety of persons and abstain insult, molest, intimidate or threaten the authority of application of the Regulation as well as interfere with the exercise of its functions in any way whatsoever.

20. Fine

A. Every person who contravenes any of the provisions of this regulation commits an offense and is liable for each offense to a minimum fine of \$ 200 for a first offense if the offender is a natural person, a fine of \$ 400 for a first offense, if the offender is a legal person. In case of recidivism, the minimum fines are doubled. In all cases, the costs of the proceedings are extra.

When the offense is continued, this continuity is, day by day, a separate offense.

B. Notwithstanding subsection A of this section, any person who contravenes sections 6.7 and 8.1 d) of this By-law, but only with respect to construction waste, commits an offense and is liable for each offense to a minimum fine of \$400 for a first offense if the offender is a natural person, and a \$800 fine for a first offense, if the offender is a legal person. In case of recidivism, the minimum fines are doubled. In all cases, the costs of the proceedings are extra.

When the offense is continued, this continuity is, day by day, a separate offense.

21. Civil law action

The municipality may exercise the civil law action to enforce the provisions of this By-law.

22. Entry into force

<i></i>	intry into force
This By-	-law shall enter into force in accordance with the law.
Éric Ev	ans, Mayor
Me Jos	iane Hudon, general manager and secretary treasurer

Notice of motion: September 5 2012
Adoption of the By-law: December 5 2012
Public Notice of entry into force: December 18 2012

THE PRESENT VERSION IS NOT OFFICIAL, THUS THE FRENCH TEXT PREVAILS.

ORGANIC MATTER

Only organic materials listed below can be placed in the bin for this purpose, to be the brown bin (as defined below):

- 1. Fruits and vegetables (raw or cooked, peels, cobs of corn, etc)
- 2. Coffee beans and coffee filters, tea bags
- 3. Breads, cereals, pasta
- 4. Meat, fish, seafood, bones
- 5. Dairy, egg shells, table scraps
- 6. Expired food without packaging
- 7. Flowers, plants, grasses and leaves
- 8. **Branches** of less than 2 cm (3/4 inch) in diameter and less than 60 cm (2 feet) in length
- 9. **Sawdust, bark, wood shavings** (untreated and unpainted)
- 10. Paper or cardboard soiled by food (towel, napkin, tissus, paper towels, paper placemats and napkin, pizza box, cardboard cup and plate)
- 11. Shredded paper
- 12. Litter and pet feces

It is recommended to leave the grass clippings on site at its cut.

RECYCLABLE MATERIAL

Only recyclable materials listed below can be placed in the recycling bin, blue bin (as defined below):

- 1. **paper**: telephone directories, circulars, newspapers, magazines, envelopes of all kinds, corrugated of flat cardboard, pasteboard (egg cartons), thin paper, glossy paper, newsprint, Kraft paper (brown bags, grocery bags), thermal paper (fax);
- 2. **glass**: bottles or jars made of glass, of any color, without cover or cap with or without label (Note: Rinse the containers and recycle the lid separately);
- 3. **plastic**: containers of soft drinks or spring water; containers for food, cosmetics or household (with a number inside a triangle), grocery, milk or bread bags (bagged themselves), lids and toys without any piece of metal, clean plastic buckets (Note: rinse containers, leave the plastic caps on plastic bottles, and they will be recycle). And all plastic items with numbers 1-7 inscribed inside a triangle, often registered under containers (except Styrofoam);
- 4. **metal:** tin cans, plates and aluminum cans, aluminum foil.

In these categories, the following materials are PROHIBITED in the bins:

- 1. **Paper category:** paper towels, tissue paper, soiled paper or cardboard, cellophane, waxed cardboard or coated with aluminum, carbon paper or multi blue drawing, disposable diapers;
- 2. **Glass category :** glass tableware, mirrors, light bulbs, glass and fiberglass;
- 3. **Plastic category:** all DHW containers, potato chips bags, polystyrene (Styrofoam), objects made of two materials;
- 4. **Metal category:** aerosols, batteries, hangers, wires, cables, clothes pins and metal paint containers, remover or other hazardous materials, electrical wires and other electrical decorations, screens, metal parts of more than 2 kg (4, 4 lbs) and a diameter of less than 5 cm (2 in) or more than 60 cm (24 in.).

Garbage or waste

Any residual material other than: matters listed in Annex 1 and 2, and the DHW specified in its definition in section 5, the construction waste and bulky waste collected by Ressourcerie for this purpose.

More specifically, the materials specifically **EXCLUDED** from the garbage collection are:

- 1. Green waste and organics (annex 1)
- 2. Recyclable material (annex 2)
- 3. Wood, construction, renovation or demolition material
- 4. Tires
- 5. Dead animals, except those subject to a removal order made under the Act Animal Health Protection Act (RSQ, c. P-42) or the Regulation on Animal Health (CRC, c. 296)
- 6. Ashes
- 7. The electronic and computer equipment
- 8. Residual materials generated outside the territory of the Municipality
- 9. Hazardous materials as defined in paragraph 21 of section 1 of the Act on Environmental Quality (RSQ, c. Q-2) whose household hazardous waste
- 10. Waste materials consisting wholly or partly of pesticides regulated by the Pesticides Act (RSQ, c. P-9.3)
- 11. Biomedical waste which applies the Regulation respecting biomedical waste (Q-2, r. 12)
- 12. Bulky and all materials accepted by the Ressourcerie des frontières

Materials accepted and rejected by the Ressourcerie des frontiers

RESSOURCERIE DES FRONTIÈRES

177, Cutting Street, Coaticook (Québec) J1A 2G2 819 804-1018 / ressourceriedesfrontieres@hotmail.com Toll-free number: 1-855-804-1018

Accepted Materials

_ Furniture
_ Sofas
_ Appliances: refrigerators, stoves, dishwashers, washers, dryers, freezers, etc
_ Computer and electric material: computers, cell phones, TVs, VCRs,
printers, etc.
_ Electrical wires
_ Small objects: tools, games, toys, books, CDs, dishes, ornaments, lamps,
mirrors, jewelry, etc.
_ Bike and sport articles
_ Reusable building and renovation materials: doors, windows, sink, toilets,
baseboard heaters and other recyclable materials such as wood and metals
_ Car battery
_ Cardboard boxes
_ Other bulky: mattresses and box springs, carpets, grills, dehumidifiers, air
conditioners, water heaters, etc.
_ Chairs made of urethane
_ Textile, fabrics, clothes, shoes and baby stuff:

For all items from 0 to 5 years, please identify the bags "0-5"

Rejected Materials

- _ Aggregates (rocks, concrete, asphalt, etc.).
 _ Asphalt shingles, wood
 _ Demolition residues other than electrical wires and metals
 _ Domestic hazardous waste (DHW): oils, paints, pesticides, batteries, compact fluorescent lamps, neons, etc.
 _ Propane tanks
- *** To dispose of these materials, contact the Régie intermunicipale des déchets solides de la région de Coaticook (RIGDSC) at 819 849-9479.